DESDID, INC.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NPCA 1-72

FOR COATINGS, RESINS,

MO ROLLED MATERIALS

LIALE SMILAR" TO FORM OSHA-200

321X481

MT. PROSPECT ROAD NES, ILLINOIS 60018

URERS CODE IDENTIFICATION

DESDTO, INC.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND RESEARCH CENTER

(APPROVED BY US DEPARTMENT OF LABOR "E&

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE (312) 391-9000

PRODUCT CLASS

POLYESTER

TRADE NAME SUPER DESOTHANE DN 0123

DATE OF PREPARATION

11/16/82

WHITE PPM 5391-0123

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INGREDIENT	% ВҮ≉	*	TLV			VAPOR
	WEIGHT	PPM		MG/CU.M	LEL	PRESSURE
						a 20 DEG C
TALC NON ASSESTIFORM	15.0	20MPPCF			NA	N A
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE-SKIN	5.0	50		205	1.4	15
2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE-SKIN **	15.0	5 0		270	1.8	2.0
ETHYL ACETATE	20.0	400		1400	2.2	76
BUTYL ACETATE	5.0	150		710	1.7	3.0
ORGANO TIN COMPOUND-SKIN	< 0.1			0.1 AS SN	NA	NA

* PERCENT BY WEIGHT:

TO NEAREST 5%, PLUS OR MINUS 5%, FOR SUBSTANCES 5-95%;

<5.0 FDR SUBSTANCES 0.5-5.0%;</pre>

<0.5 FOR SUBSTANCES 0.0-0.5%.

** ACGIH NOTICE OF INTENDED CHANGE, 1982: TLV-TWA=5PPM NE = NOT ESTABLISHED NA = NOT APPLICABLE

PROPERTY

MEASUREMENT

BOILING RANGE

VAPOR DENSITY

171.0 TO 313.0 DEG F. 77.0 TO 156.3 DEG C. 2760 MM HG

X HEAVIER LIGHTER THAN AIR

WEIGHT PER GALLON

10.3 189

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME

EVAPORATION RATE

FASTER

X SLOWER THAN ETHER

11/16/82

************************ SECTION IV-FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA *********

FLASH POINT 31.0 DEG F. FLAMMABLE LIQUID DOT CATEGORY FLAMMABLE LIQUID-CLASS I B (CLDSED CUP) -0.6 DEG C. OSHA CATEGORY

SEE II LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: USE NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION CLASS B EXTINGUISHERS (CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM).

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. DO NOT APPLY TO HOT SURFACES. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: WATER SPRAY MAY BE INEFFECTIVE. WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTO IGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. IF WATER IS USED, FOG NIZZLES ARE PREFERABLE. WEAR NIDSH APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT CONTACT WITH SKIN. **********************

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: SEE II (NOT ESTABLISHED FOR PRODUCT)

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION: ANESTHETIC. IRRITATION OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT OR ACUTE NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION CHARACTERIZED BY HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, STAGGERING GAIT, CONFUSION, UNCONSCIOUSNESS OR COMA.

SKIN OR EYE CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION.

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:

REPRODUCTIVE AND BLOOD DISCROERS AND BIRTH DEFECTS HAVE BEEN OBSERVED IN TESTS ON LABORATORY ANIMALS WITH 2-METHOXYETHANOL, 2-ETHOXYETHANOL, AND 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE. BECAUSE THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS AT LEAST ONE OF THESE SOLVENTS, HANDLING PRECAUTIONS AS OUTLINED IN SECTIONS VIII AND IX SHOULD BE CAREFULLY FOLLOWED TO AVOID OVEREXPOSURE.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: INHALATION: REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE. RESTORE BREATHING. KEEP WARM AND QUIET. NOTIFY A PHYSICIAN. SKIN CONTACT: WASH AFFECTED AREAS WITH WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. EYE CONTACT: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.

INGESTION: CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.

UNSTABLE X STABLE STABILITY:

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION ARE HAZARDOUS

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

X WILL NOT OCCUR MAY DCCUR

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS. VENTILATE AREA. REMOVE WITH INERT ABSORBENT AND NON-SPARKING TOOLS.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. INCINERATE IN APPROVED FACILITY. DO NOT'INCINERATE CLOSED CONTAINERS.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

IF EXPOSURE EXCEEDS OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS INDICATED IN SECTION 11 USE NIOSH APPROVED ORGANIC VAPOR RESPIRATOR. IN CONFINED AREAS USE "NIOSH" APPROVED AIR LINE TYPE RESPIRATORS OR HOODS.

VENTILATION: WHERE EMPLOYEES MAY BE EXPOSED, PROVIDE GENERAL DILUTION OR LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION IN VOLUME AND PATTERN TO KEEP TLV OF HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS IN SECTION II BELOW RECOMMENDED ("ACGIH") OR REGULATED ("OSHA") LIMIT. WHERE EMPLOYEES WILL NOT BE EXPOSED, KEEP LEL IN SECTION II BELOW 25% OF LIMIT

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: BUTYL RUBBER PREFERRED. NEOPRENE OR NITRILE ACCEPTABLE.

EYE PROTECTION: SPLASH PROOF GOGGLES AND/OR FACE SHIELD.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING SUCH AS BUTYL RUBBER APRON. NEOPRENE OR NITRILE ACCEPT-BLE. A SAFETY SHOWER, AN EYE BATH, AND WASHING FACILITIES SHOULD BE AVAILABLE.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. CONTAMINATED CLOTHING SHOULD BE WASHED BEFORE REUSE. CONTAINERS SHOULD BE GROUNDED WHEN POURING. AVOID FREE FALL OF LIQUID IN EXCESS OF A FEW INCHES.

DO NOT SAND, FLAME CUT, BRAZE OR WELD THE DRY COATING WITHOUT "NIOSH" APPROVED RESPIRATOR OR APPROPRIATE VENTILATION.

OBSERVE PRECAUTIONARY LABEL WARNINGS.

PREPARED BY: R. A. PROKOP

1700 SOUTH MOUNT PROSPECT ROAD, DES PLAINES, ILLINOIS 60018 TELEPHONE 312-391-9000

December 17, 1982

Occupational Safety Dept. Attn: Industrial Hygiene Douglas Aircraft Co. Mail Code: Cl-121 (126-14 3855 Lakewood Boulevard Long Beach, CA 90846

SUBJECT: 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Dear Sirs:

Our records indicate that since January 1, 1982, you have purchased products from DeSoto containing 2-ethoxyethyl acetate. Our suppliers of this product have alerted us to the unpublished results of tests conducted by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). A paper by B.K. Nelson of NIOSH summarizing the findings has been submitted for publication in Teratology.

NIOSH investigated the teratogenic potential of a number of industrial chemicals including 2-ethoxyethyl acetate (also known as ethylene glycol monethyl ether acetate or Cellosolve (R) Acetate). The significant tests on 2-ethoxyethyl acetate were inhalation studies in rats at exposures of 130, 390, and 600 ppm. According to the preliminary findings, the following effects were observed: complete resorption of litters were induced at 600 ppm, reduced fetal weights and skeletal and cardiovascular defects were observed at 390 ppm and a single cardiac malformation was observed at 130 ppm.

For comparison, the current threshold limit value (TLV (R)) as adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) is 50 ppm (8-hour time weighted average). However, ACGIH in June, 1982 has announced a Notice of Intended Change in its recommended TLV to 5 ppm, thus beginning the two year process of evaluating such a change. The current OSHA standard remains at 100 ppm (8-hour TWA).

DeSoto, Inc. is not aware of any evidence indicating that 2-ethoxyethyl acetate has caused reproductive effects in humans. However, because of our belief that knowledge of the most current available information regarding a material's toxicological properties is essential in establishing safe handling procedures, it is our practice to communicate such information to our customers when it becomes known to us.



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Enclosed you will find updated Material Safety Data Sheets for DeSoto products you have purchased since January 1, 1982 which contain 2-ethoxyethyl acetate. The Material Safety Data Sheets contain handling procedures which can serve as a basis for the safe handling and use of these products. We recommend that you evaluate your operation to determine if actions are required to reduce employee exposure to 2-ethoxyethyl acetate.

Please insure that this information is given to the person(s) in your company responsible for health and/or safety. If additional information is required, please contact Ms. Carol Robinson of our Corporate Industrial Hygiene Services at 312-391-9547.

Respectfully yours,

DeSOTO, INC.

E.H. Hoerster

Director of Marketing

Chemical Coatings Division

020-730; 020X304; 020X343; 515X005; 821X331 821X481; 822X324; 822X419; 822X420; 826X321 Enclosures: MSDS's for

826X445; 828X310; 910X376; 910X480

cc: R.A. Prokop C. Robinson